Numb. 8646.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday June 2, to Saturday June 6, 1747.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHEREAS there was this Day read at the Board a Report made by his Majeſty's Attorney and Solicitor General to the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, upon conſidering a Repreſentation from the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, together with ſeveral Papers thereto annexed, relating to the audacious Behaviour of the Smugglers in the Counties of Kent and Suſſex, who aſſemble in great Bodies, and go armed to aſſiſt in the Smuggling and Receiving of Run Goods, and not only menace the Magiſtrates, but reſiſt the Officers of the Revenues in the Diſcharge of their Duty; Which Report is as follows, viz.

"*To the Right Honourable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury.*

"*May it pleaſe your Lordſhips,*

"IN Obedience to your Lordſhips Commands, ſignified to us by Mr. Weſt in his Letter of the 23d Inſtant, tranſmitting a Repreſentation of the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, of the audacious Behaviour of the Smugglers in the Counties of Kent and Suſſex, and of their Menaces to the Juſtices of the Peace, the Officers of the Revenues, and all others who ſhall dare to obſtruct their outrageous Proceedings: By which Letter we are directed to take the ſaid Repreſentation and the Papers annexed into Conſideration (which are all herewith returned) and report to your Lordſhips what Powers there are at preſent for any of his Majeſty's Officers, either Civil or Military, to reſiſt and ſubdue thoſe Offenders, and to prevent the like for the future by Force, as all other Means have hitherto proved ineffectual to that End.

"We have taken the ſame into Conſideration, and are of Opinion, that all his Majeſty's Subjects, both Civil and Military, Magiſtrates, Officers and Private Perſons, have, without any expreſs Warrant for that Purpoſe, Authority to ſeize and apprehend any Perſons aſſembled, armed, and acting, or who have aſſembled, armed, and acted in ſuch Manner as deſcribed in the aforementioned Repreſentation and Papers, and bring them before a Magiſtrate, who may commit them to Priſon; and in the ſeizing, apprehending, ſecuring, and committing them to Priſon, may repel Force with Force, and juſtify any Violence or Hoſtilities which may be neceſſary to ſuppreſs and ſubdue them, or bring them to Juſtice.

"The Powers abovementioned are veſted in all his Majeſty's Subjects generally for the Preſervation of the Peace. But the Juſtices of the Peace and Peace Officers are, both by the Nature of their Office, and the expreſs Direction of diverſe Acts of Parliament, bound to ſuppreſs all Riots, unlawful Aſſemblies and Breaches of the Peace, of which the Offences complained of are notorious Inſtances. And the Neglect of it is a high Miſdemeanour, for which they are accountable in a Criminal Proſecution.

"The Law has likewiſe for this Purpoſe furniſhed them with Strength and Force as well as Authority, by empowering and commanding them to uſe the whole Power of the County, that is, to call all or any of his Majeſty's Subjects, except Clergy, capable of Arms, to aſſiſt them, and, as Part of thoſe Subjects, they may command, and take the Aſſiſtance of any Military Force in thoſe Parts, who, and all others, will be fully juſtified in any Acts of Violence they ſhall do againſt the Offenders.

"As to the preventing the like Offences for the future, the Law has already made them very penal, eſpecially by an Act of the laſt Seſſions, by which the aſſembling and going armed to the Number of Three, to aſſiſt in any

"Sort

[Price Four-Pence.]

" Sort of Smuggling, or receiving or protecting " Run Goods, or in reſcuing Priſoners guilty of " Felony, by the Laws relating to the Cuſtoms " or Exciſe, and the reſiſting the Officers of " thoſe Revenues, by the like Number of armed " Perſons, are made Felony without Benefit " of the Clergy; and, in which Act, par- " ticular Proviſions are made by great Re- " wards and otherwiſe, for the apprehending " and bringing ſuch Offenders to Juſtice. And " we don't know what further can be done, " than by keeping a ſufficient Force in thoſe " Parts, and giving ſtrict Orders to all Officers, " both Civil and Military, to uſe that Force " in Support of the Laws, and ſuppreſſing, ſub- " duing, and bringing to Juſtice all ſuch Of- " fenders, and by ſeeing that ſuch Orders be " obeyed.

" All which is ſubmitted to your Lord- " ſhips Conſideration.

" *D. Ryder.*

" *W. Murray.*

His Majeſty, upon Conſideration thereof, is hereby pleaſed to order, with the Advice of his Privy Council, that a Copy of the ſaid Report be printed and publiſhed in the next London Gazette, to the End that all his Majeſty's Subjects may be informed of the Powers veſted in them by Law, for the ſeizing, apprehending, ſecuring and committing to Priſon, all Perſons whatſoever, who have acted or ſhall hereafter act in the Manner beforementioned. — And his Majeſty doth hereby require and command all Officers, both Civil and Military, to uſe their utmoſt Force in Support of the Laws, and ſuppreſſing, ſubduing, and bringing all ſuch Offenders to Juſtice.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Eaton Forreſt, of Folkſtone in the County of Kent, Labourer; and Thomas Kingsford, of Swinfield Minnis near Folkſtone aforeſaid, in the ſaid County of Kent, Victualler, were, upon the Twenty Ninth Day of April laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Twenty Eighth Day of November laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms, or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at a Place called Old Stairs Bay, in the Pariſh of Ringwould in the ſaid County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away Uncuſtomed Goods: —Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided: —His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid Eaton Forreſt and Thomas Kingsford, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Richard Gibbs, of Folkſtone in the County of Kent, Labourer; John Culling, of the ſame Place, Victualler; Richard Culver, of the ſame Place, Labourer; Michael Billenys, of the ſame Place, Labourer; John Chapman, of the ſame Place, Labourer; George Boxer, commonly called or known by the Name of Tuſs, of the ſame Place, Labourer; John Bateman, of the ſame Place, Labourer; Thomas Bateman, of the ſame Place, Labourer; and Nicholas Childs, of Ollington in the County of Kent, Labourer, were, upon the 6th Day of May laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Sixteenth Day of December laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at Aple Bay near Birchington in the County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing and Carrying away uncuſtomed Goods: —Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided: —His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this

his

his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, That the ſaid Richard Gibbs, John Culling, Richard Culver, Michael Billenys, John Chapman, George Boxer, commonly called or known by the Name of Tuſs, John Bateman, Thomas Bateman, and Nicholas Childs, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas John Williams, of Folkſtone in the County of Kent, Labourer; Edward Puttee otherwiſe Putty, of the ſame Place, Labourer, commonly called or known by the Name of Small; Richard Benks otherwiſe Banks, of the ſame Place, Butcher; and Haman otherwiſe Hammond Hall, of the ſame Place, Butcher, were, upon the Twenty Second Day of April laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Seventeenth Day of January laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms, or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at Whitſtable in the ſaid County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, and Carrying away uncuſtomed Goods: — Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, in that Caſe made and provided: — His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid John Williams, Edward Puttee otherwiſe Putty, commonly called or known by the Name of Small, Richard Benks otherwiſe Banks, and Haman otherwiſe Hammond Hall, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas John Haller, of Folkſtone in the County of Kent, Victualler; John Lacy, of Ollington in the ſaid County, Labourer; John Juddery, of the Pariſh of Hatſham near Wingham in the ſaid County, Victualler; John Richardſon, of the Pariſh of Aſh near Sandwich in the ſaid County, Butcher; Andrew Juddery, of the ſame Place, Labourer; and Jeremiah Curtis otherwiſe Alexander Pollard, of Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Labouter, were, upon the Sixth Day of May laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of the Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Thirtieth Day of March laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire-Arms or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at or near Reculver in the County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away uncuſtomed Goods: — Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided: — His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid John Haller, John Lacy, John Juddery, John Richardſon, Andrew Juddery, and Jeremiah Curtis otherwiſe Alexander Pollard, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas John Murton, late of Sittingbourn, but now of Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Yeoman; Uriah Creed otherwiſe Morgan, of Hawkhurſt aforeſaid, Yeoman; Thomas

mas Kingſwood, of Flimwell near Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Yeoman; Richard Mapeſden, otherwiſe Mapleſden, otherwiſe Mapeſton, otherwiſe Mapleſton, of or near Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Yeoman; and James Lacy, commonly called or known by the Name of Maſter, late of Hythe but now of Ollington in the County of Kent, Yeoman, were, upon the Twenty Eighth Day of April laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Thirtieth Day of March laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons armed with Fire Arms or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at or near a Place called Reculver in the County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away uncuſtomed Goods:— Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided:— His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid John Murton, Uriah Creed otherwiſe Morgan, Thomas Kingſwood, Richard Mapeſden, otherwiſe Mapleſden, otherwiſe Mapeſton, otherwiſe Mapleſton, and James Lacy, commonly called or known by the Name of Maſter, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Jacob Pring, otherwiſe Prim, of Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Labourer, was, upon the Sixth Day of May laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty upon the Second Day of April laſt, of being, with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at Chiſſelet near Reculver in the County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away Uncuſtomed Goods:— Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided:— His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid Jacob Pring otherwiſe Prim, do ſurrender himſelf within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 3d Day of *June*, 1747.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

WHereas James Smith, of Worſted in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; Samuel Eager otherwiſe Hager, of Norwich in the ſaid County of Norfolk, Inn-keeper; John Brice, otherwiſe Price, commonly called or known by the Name of Miſs Marjoram, of or near Ipſwich in the County of Suffolk, Butcher; and James Holt otherwiſe Hoult, of Benacre in the County of Suffolk, Labourer, were, upon the Twenty Ninth Day of April laſt, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Eleventh Day of March laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed being aſſembled at Horſey in the ſaid County of Norfolk, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away Uncuſtomed Goods:— Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided:—His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid James Smith, Samuel Eager otherwiſe Hager, John Brice otherwiſe Price, commonly called or known by the Name

of

of Miſs Marjoram, and James Holt otherwiſe Hoult, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves, within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

Ulm, June 2, N. S. This Morning we received Advice from Italy, that in the Night between the 20th and 21ſt of laſt Month, General Schulemberg, who commands the Auſtrian Army before Genoa, attacked the high Ground contiguous to Pontcevera in five Columns; and that notwithſtanding the advantageous Situation of this Poſt under the Cannon of Genoa, and cover'd by the Mountain upon which the Troops of the Republick are encamped, the Auſtrians made themſelves Maſters of it before Break of Day; and being afterwards attacked with all the Force which the Duke de Boufflers could poſſibly bring againſt them, they had kept their Ground with the Loſs of about ſixty Men killed and wounded, having killed Five Hundred of the Enemy, and made Fifty Priſoners, amongſt whom is the Marquiſs de Grimaldi. The Poſſeſſion of this important Poſt opens a Paſſage for the Auſtrian Artillery to Seſtri, and twelve Pieces of Cannon were already arrived there.

Ulm, June 6. Letters from Italy confirm the News lately received from Genoa, and ſay the Auſtrians are now Maſters of all the Hills about that City.

Head Quarters at Bouwel, June 13, N. S. The Corps de Reſerve, under Prince Wolfembuttle, has made a Motion this Morning to our Left, and will encamp this Night upon the Great Heath behind Weſterloo. General Baroniai with his Corps of Irregulars and the Regiment of Styrum's Dragoons, are advanced to Sichem on the Demar, where he will be better ſituated than before, to obſerve the Motions of the Enemy, who by their Preparations ſeem to point towards Maeſtricht; they have given out amongſt their People, that their Deſign was to attack the Allies in their Camp; but that Report gains but little Credit.

Since the French King's Arrival at the Army, the Works along the Dyle have been conſiderably augmented; and they act with ſo much Caution, that they have thrown up a Sort of Parapet all along the Front of their Camp, between the Redoubts which had been made before.

The 11th and Yeſterday a large Body of Troops moved to the Right, and the Corps under the Comte de Clermont moved back again towards the Meuſe; it is ſaid the Troops marched towards their Right are 10,000 Men, and in Conjunction with Clermont's Corps are intended to attempt the Siege of Maeſtricht.

The French King is ſtill at Bruſſels, and they give out now, that he will fix his Head Quarters at Louvain, when he leaves that Place: Their Horſe are to encamp the 16th, the Dragoons being already moved out: They are continually changing the Garriſon of Antwerp, though they ſeldom have fewer than twenty Battallions in the Town.

The Imperialiſts and French Generals, appointed for ſettling the Exchange of Priſoners, have had ſeveral Meetings within theſe few Days, and for the Security of both Parties, a Ceſſation of Hoſtilities was agreed on within ſuch a Diſtrict, which was between Duffel and the Right of Lier: To-morrow that Ceſſation is at an End. The Imperial Troops, which will be releaſed on this Occaſion, are intended to join the Allied Army, and will amount to ſix or ſeven Battalions.

The Recruits for the Auſtrian Cavalry arrive daily; they are perfectly well mounted and arm'd, and make a fine Appearance.

Prince Saxe Hildburghauſen, with the Detachment of the Army, is ſtill encamped at Weſt Weſel; the Poſts which the Enemy had at Mexem, Eckeren, and the Villages on this Side Antwerp, are all withdrawn.

Hague, June 13, N. S. General Ligonier arrived here on Sunday Morning, and immediately had an Audience of the Prince of Orange; he propoſes to ſet out for the Army To-morrow Morning. Marſhal Saxe has recalled the Body of Troops under M. de Clermont, and likewiſe thoſe that were in Dutch Flanders, except about 6000 Men that are left there to guard the Towns. M. Van Hoey has had his Audience of the Prince of Orange. An Expreſs arrived laſt Sunday from Heſſe Caſſel, with the Conſent of that Court relating to three Battalions of Foot, and one Regiment of Dragoons, which the States General are to take into their Pay, amounting to 3040 Men. The Corps under Count Clermont is marched towards Wavre with 26 heavy Cannon, beſides their Field-pieces: They have been joined by the Regiments of Alſace and Naſſau Sarbruck, ſo that they are now 20 Battalions and 34 Squadrons. By Letters from Bruſſels of the 11th, the French Cavalry quitted their Cantonments on Thurſday laſt, and joined the Grand Army, whoſe Center is at preſent at Wakezele, with their Left at Malines, and their Right at Louvain. The Letters from Paris pretend, that they had private Advices from Provence, that Marſhal Belleiſle's Army was upon the Var; that the Head Quarters were at Cannes; and that the Marſhal only waited for the Spaniards advancing to paſs that River.

Whitehall, June 6.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Honourable James Lord Tyrawly, Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Governor of the Iſland of Minorca, and the Town and Garriſon of Port Mahon, in the Room of the Earl of Stair, deceaſed.

Whitehall, June 6.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Paul Foreſter, Doctor of Divinity, the Place and Dignity of a Canonry or Prebend of the Cathedral Church of Chriſt, in the Univerſity of Oxford, void by the Death of Doctor Peter Foulkes.

Admiralty-Office, June 6.

Captain Harland, of his Majeſty's Ship the Tilbury, who arrived in the Downes Yeſterday with the Trade from Portugal, gives an Account, that on the 7th paſt, Captain Cosby, of his Majeſty's Ship the Shoreham, one of the Ships of Vice-Admiral Anſon's Squadron, brought into Lisbon a Ship and a Brigantine laden with warlike Stores, being two of the Convoy who eſcaped from the ſaid Vice-Admiral on the 3d of May.

Captain Harland alſo gives an Account, that on the 3d Inſtant, as he was coming up the Channel with the Vultur Sloop, he ſaw a French Dogger Privateer between Portland and the Iſle of Wight, to which he ordered the Vultur to give Chaſe, who in three Hours came up with and took her, and has ſent her into Weymouth. She proves to be the L'Huitre of Cherburgh, with two Carriage and ten Swivel Guns, and 32 Men, and had been but two Days out of Port.

Hackney Coach Office, June 6, 1747.

Whereas the preſent Hackney Coach Licenſes all expire at Midſummer next; the Commiſſioners for Licenſing and Regulating Hackney Coaches hereby give Notice, that they will attend at their Office in Surry-ſtreet, to give out new Licenſes, viz. For the firſt Hundred, on Monday the 15th of June Inſtant; for the ſecond Hundred, on Wedneſday the 17th; for the third Hundred, on Thurſday the 18th; for the fourth Hundred, on Friday the 19th; for the fifth Hundred, on Saturday the 20th; and for all above the firſt five Hundred, on Monday the 22d Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning on each Day. And all Perſons that apply for new Licenſes, are to bring their old Licenſes with them, and pay all their Arrears of Rent.

Equivalent Office, June 3, 1747.

The Court of Directors of the Equivalent Company give Notice, that the Transfer Books of the ſaid Company will be ſhut on Wedneſday the 17th of this Inſtant June, and continue ſo till Wedneſday the 1ſt of July next, in order to ſettle the Dividend of Two per Cent. due at Midſummer next; and that the Warrants for the ſaid Dividend will be ready to be delivered out and paid on Wedneſday the 22d of July next, and afterwards every Wedneſday, from Eleven in the Forenoon to One in the Afternoon, at the Equivalent Houſe in Freeman's Court, Cornhill, London, and at their Office in Edinburgh. James Mathias, *Secr.*

South Sea Houſe, London, June 4, 1747.

The Court of Directors of the South Sea Company give Notice, that the Transfer Books of New South Sea Annuities will be ſhut on Tueſday the 16th Inſtant, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Tueſday the 4th of Auguſt following; and that the Warrants for the Half Year's Intereſt due thereon at Midſummer next, will be paid on Friday the 7th of Auguſt. They alſo give Notice, that the Transfer Books of the Trading Stock will be ſhut on Monday the 22d Inſtant, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Wedneſday the 12th of Auguſt following; and that the Dividend due thereon for the half Year ending at Midſummer next, will be paid on Monday and Tueſday, the 17th and 18th of the ſaid Month of Auguſt; on which Days of Payment the ſaid New Annuity and Stock Transfer Books will be ſhut.

Royal Exchange Aſſurance Office, June 3, 1747.

The Court of Directors of the Royal Exchange Aſſurance Company do hereby give Notice, that their Transfer Books will be ſhut from Tueſday the 23d Day of this Inſtant June, to Tueſday the 28th of July next: And that a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Office on the Royal Exchange, on Wedneſday the Firſt of July next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, in Order to a Dividend.

Navy Office, May 20, 1747.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 17th of June, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſell and import New-England Maſts, to be delivered at his Majeſty's Yards in England, Jamaica, and Antegoa, that they may attend with their Propoſals at that Time.

Navy-Office, May 27, 1747.

This is to give Notice, that the Right Honourable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury have been pleaſed to appoint Money to pay all the Arrears due to the Penſioners belonging to the Cheſt at Chatham, to Lady-day, 1747. And that the ſaid Pay will begin on Tueſday the 14th of July, 1747, at the Cheſt Room in his Majeſty's Dock-yard at Chatham.

Eaſt-India Houſe, May 27, 1747.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a Quarterly General Court of the ſaid Company will be holden at their Houſe in Leaden-hall ſtreet, on Wedneſday the 24th of June next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, upon ſpecial Affairs. That their Transfer Books will be ſhut up on Tueſday the 23d of the ſaid June, at Two o' Clock, and opened again on Tueſday the 21ſt of July next. And that the Dividend Warrants due at Midſummer, will be ready to be delivered out on Tueſday the 28th of ſaid July.

Mercers Hall, London, June 4, 1747.

Whereas ſeveral of the Mercers Companies Eſtates are now Untenanted; The Annuitants and Bond Creditors of the Mercers Company are deſired to meet the Committee of the ſaid Company, at Mercers Hall in Cheapſide, London, on Thurſday the 25th of this Inſtant June, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, to conſider of a proper Method for Letting the Company's Eſtates from Time to Time, and of appointing a Perſon to receive the Rents, with ſuch Allowance for his Trouble as ſhall be thought reaſonable.

Charles Crumpe, *Clerk of the Company of Mercers, London.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majeſty's Ships Captain, Monmouth, and Princeſs Louiſa, which were preſent at taking of the Grand Turk Privateer, that their reſpective Shares of the neat Proceeds of the ſaid Prize, will be paid at the Vine Tavern in Portſmouth, on Friday the 12th of June; and the Shares of ſuch as are not then received, will be paid the firſt Friday in every Month, at the ſaid Place, for three Years. N. B. The Prize Money due will alſo be paid on board each Ship upon her Arrival at Portſmouth.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majeſty's Sloop King's Fiſher, who were actually on board at the taking a Prize called the Noſtra Signiora Del Eſtrella, That they may receive their reſpective Share of Prize Money for the neat Produce of the ſaid Ship and Cargo, on Monday the 22d Inſtant, at the Houſe of Mr. John Morſhead at Plymouth; and that a Recall will be at the ſame Place for ſuch Shares as are not paid, the firſt Monday in every Month for three Years.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the Court of Chancery, together or in Parcels, before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor's-ſtreet, on Wedneſday the firſt Day of July next, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, The Reverſion and Inheritance expectant upon the Death of Elizabeth Grevis, Widow, of ſeveral Farms, Part Freehold and Part Copyhold, lying in the Parithes of Norton and Lindſey in Warwickſhire, Yardley in Worceſterſhire, and Handſworth in Staffordſhire, late the Eſtate of William Booth Alleſtry, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

Dr.

Dr. *ANDERSON's*, or,

The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS:

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceaſed, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

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By HENRY BRACKEN, M. D.

Printed for Benj. Dod, at the Bible and Key in Ave-Mary Lane, near Stationers-Hall.

Conditions of Admiſſion into the General Hoſpital at Bath.

I. THE Caſe of the Patient muſt be deſcribed by ſome Phyſician or Perſon of Skill in the Neighbourhood of the Place where the Patient has reſided for ſome Time; and this Deſcription, together with a Certificate of the Poverty of the Patient, atteſted by ſome Perſon of Credit, muſt be ſent in a Letter, Franked or Poſt-paid, directed to the Regiſter of the General Hoſpital at Bath.

The Age of the Patient ought to be mentioned in the Deſcription of his Caſe; and the Perſons who deſcribe, are deſired to be particular in the Enumeration of the Symptoms; that ſo neither improper Caſes may be admitted, nor proper ones rejected.

II. After the Patient's Caſe has been thus deſcribed, and ſent, he muſt remain in his uſual Place of Reſidence, till he has Leave to come, ſignified by a Letter from the Regiſter; who will, at the ſame Time, ſend a blank Pariſh Certificate.

III. Upon the Receipt of ſuch a Letter, the Patient muſt ſet forward for Bath, bringing with him this Letter, the Pariſh Certificate duly executed, and Three Pounds Caution Money.

IV. Soldiers may, inſtead of Pariſh Certificates, bring a Certificate from their Commanding Officers, ſignifying to what Corps they belong, and that they ſhall be received into the ſame Corps, when diſcharged from the Hoſpital, in whatever Condition they are. But it is neceſſary that their Caſes be deſcribed, and ſent previouſly; and that they bring with them three Pounds Caution Money.

The Intention of the Caution Money is to defray the Expences of returning the Patients, after they are diſcharged from the Hoſpital, or of their Burial in Caſe they die there. The Remainder of the Caution Money, after theſe Expences are defray'd, will be return'd to the Perſon who depoſited it.

All poor Perſons coming to Bath, under Pretence of getting into the Hoſpital, without having their Caſes thus deſcribed, and ſent previouſly, and Leave given to come, will be treated as Vagrants; as the Act of Parliament for the Regulation of the Hoſpital requires.

Tueſday the 26th Day of May, in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, 1747, between Edward Gibſon, Plaintiff; John Prince, Defendant.

UPON the Plaintiff's humble Petition this Day preferred unto the Right Honourable the Maſter of the Rolls, for the Reaſons therein, and in the Affidavit and Certificate therein mentioned, contained, it is ordered, that the ſaid Defendant do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before the firſt Day of July next.

Saturday the 30th Day of May, in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, 1747, between Anne Jenneus, Widow, and others, Plaintiffs; John Lavington and his Wife, and others, Defendants.

UPON the humble Petition of the Plaintiffs this Day preferred unto the Right Honourable the Maſter of the Rolls for the Reaſons therein contained, and upon reading the Six Clerks Certificate, whereby it appears, that the Plaintiffs have exhibited their Bill into this Court againſt the Defendants, and an Affidavit of the Defendant John Lavington's abſconding to avoid being ſerved with a Subpœna to appear and anſwer the ſaid Bill, it is ordered that the ſaid Defendant John Lavington do appear to the Plaintiffs Bill on or before the laſt Day of the next Term.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Hannah Stonehouſe, late of the City of Oxford, Widow, deceaſed, are peremptorily to come in and prove their reſpective Debts before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, on or before the firſt Day of July next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the ſeveral Creditors, Legatees and Annuitants of Joſeph Thompſon, late of Nonſuch Park in the County of Surry, Eſq; deceaſed, are to come before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor-ſtreet, to prove their ſeveral Claims and Demands, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of Nicholas Butler, late of the Pariſh of St. Buttolph Biſhopſgate, London, Weaver, are forthwith to come before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, and prove their ſeveral Debts, and claim their reſpective Legacies, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Abraham Morlott, late of London, Sugar-baker, deceaſed, are hereby peremptorily required to come in and prove their Debts before Samuel Burroughs, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, on or before the firſt Day of Trinity Term next, or in Default thereof they will be abſolutely excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſame Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, on Monday the 22d Day of June Inſtant, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, The Freehold and Leaſehold Eſtates of Sir William Thompſon, Kt. late one of the Barons of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, conſiſting of the Manor of Henſington, in the County of Oxford, adjoining to Woodſtock, and within ſix Miles of the City of Oxford. And alſo of the Manor Houſe, with proper Outhouſes, Gardens, and Orchards; and of divers Farms, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments thereto belonging, and of divers Quit-rents due and payable to the ſaid Manor, amounting in the whole to the yearly Rent of 498 l. 3 s. 8 d. or thereabouts, excluſive of all Outgoings. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor-ſtreet, One Meſſuage or Tenement in Lombard-ſtreet, late in the Poſſeſſion of Samuel Herring; alſo two other Meſſuages or Tenements in St. Clement's Lane, Lombard-ſtreet, one of them late in the Poſſeſſion of Iſaac Putham, and the other now in the Poſſeſſion of John Elliott; Alſo a Sky-light in the Back Shop of Dorothy Yate, lying in Lombard-ſtreet aforeſaid, now lett at 4 l. a Year; and two ſeveral Annuities of 5 l. and 5 l. payable out of Lands belonging to the Salters Company of London, for the Lives of Mrs. Mary Whately, and Mrs. Elizabeth Brooksbank, being Part of the Eſtate of Joſeph Thompſon, late of Nonſuch Park, in the County of Surry, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

PUrſuant to a Decree in the Court of Chancery for the County Palatine of Lancaſter, in a Cauſe there depending between Richard Kay and others, Creditors of Eſther Smalſhaw,